# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2022 REGULAR SESSION**

## Introduced

# House Bill 4756

By Delegate Storch

[Introduced February 15, 2022; Referred to the Committee on Finance]

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A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §8-12-24; to amend and reenact §8-22-19 and §8-22-20 of said code; to amend and reenact §8-33-4 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §8-33-4a and §8-33-4b; and to amend and reenact §33-3-14d of said code, all relating to authorizing Class I, Class II and Class III municipalities to create pension funding programs to reduce the unfunded liability of policemen's pension and relief funds and firemen's pension and relief funds; authorizing a municipality's allocable portion of funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b to be paid to the trustee of an issue of pension funding revenue bonds to be used for the purpose of paying debt service on such bonds until such bonds are paid in full; authorizing municipal building commissions to use the proceeds from pension funding revenue bonds to fund the costs of a municipality's pension funding program; authorizing a municipal building commission to use rentals from real property owned or leased by such commission to pay debt service and administrative expenses associated with outstanding pension funding revenue bonds; authorizing a municipal building commission to issue pension funding revenue bonds to fund a municipality's pension funding program; requiring that each issuance of pension funding revenue bonds provide for a contingency reserve fund in an amount equal to at least 10 percent of the original principal amount of such bonds; requiring that an issue of pension funding revenue bonds be in a principal amount at least equal to the then unfunded liability of such applicable policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund; providing for the use of excess moneys held by a bond trustee upon the payment in full of pension funding revenue bonds; requiring the approval of the Municipal Pension Oversight Board of the issuance of certain pension funding revenue bonds and requiring the submission of information relating to such bonds to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### **CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.**

## ARTICLE 12. GENERAL CORPORATE POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES

### §8-12-24. Authorizing certain municipalities to create a pension funding program.

1 <u>In addition to all other powers and duties conferred by law upon municipalities, Class I,</u>

2 Class II and Class III cities are empowered and authorized to create pension funding programs

3 as defined in §8-33-4a of this code.

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

#### §8-22-19. Levy to maintain fund

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(a)(1) In order for a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund or the trustee of an issue of pension funding revenue bonds issued by the building commission of a municipality, as the case may be, to receive the allocable portion of moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in § 8-22-18b of this code, the governing body of the municipality shall levy annually and in the manner provided by law for other municipal levies and include within the maximum levy or levies permitted by law and, if necessary, in excess of any charter provision, a tax at such rate as will, after crediting: (A) The amount of the contributions received during the year from the members of the respective paid police department or paid fire department; and (B) the allocable portion of the funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code payable to such municipality's municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, provide funds equal to the amount necessary to meet the minimum standards for actuarial soundness as provided in § 8-22-20 of this code. The amount deposited in a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund shall be irrevocably contributed, accumulated, and invested as fund assets as described in §8-22-21 and §8-22-22 of this code. The amount

deposited with the trustee of an issue of pension funding revenue bonds shall be used for the purpose of paying debt service on such bonds. One 12th of each municipality's annual contributions shall be deposited with the municipality's pension trust funds as fund assets on at least a monthly basis and any revenues received from any source by a municipality which are specifically collected for the purpose of allocation for deposit into the policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund shall be so deposited within five days of receipt by the municipality. A municipality may prepay its monthly required contributions in increments greater than 1/12. Heretofore surplus reserves accumulated before the effective date of this section shall be irrevocably contributed, aggregated, and invested as fund assets described in §8-22-21 and §8-22-22 of this code. Any actuarial deficiency arising under this section and §8-22-20 of this code shall not be the obligation of the State of West Virginia.

- (2) The levies authorized under the provisions of this section, or any part of them, may by the governing body be laid in addition to all other municipal levies and, to that extent, beyond the limit of levy imposed by the charter of the municipality; and the levies shall supersede and if necessary exclude levies for other purposes, where other purposes have not already attained priority, and within the limitations on taxes or tax levies imposed by the constitution and laws.
- (b) The public corporations are authorized to take by gift, grant, devise, or bequest any money or real or personal property on such terms as to the investment and expenditures thereof as may be fixed by the grantor or determined by the trustees.
- (c) In addition to all other sums provided for pensions in this section, it is the duty of every municipality in which any fund or funds have been or shall be established to assess and collect from each member of the paid police department or paid fire department or both each month, the sum of seven percent of the actual salary or compensation of such member; and the amount so collected shall become a regular part of the policemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a policeman, and of the firemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a fireman: *Provided*, That for members of the funds who are police officers or firefighters newly

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hired on or after January 1, 2010, the municipality shall assess and collect nine and one-half percent of the actual salary or compensation. Only those funds for which the board of trustees has collected and paid the contributions as herein provided and meeting minimum standards for actuarial soundness shall be eligible to receive moneys from the additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax as provided in § 33-3-14d of this code: Provided, however, That the board of trustees for each pension and relief fund may assess and collect from each member of the paid police department or paid fire department or both each month not more than an additional two and one-half percent of the actual salary or compensation of each member, but not to exceed nine and one-half percent total contribution: Provided further, That if any board of trustees decides to assess and collect any additional amount pursuant to this subdivision above the member contribution required by this section, then that board of trustees may not reduce the additional amount until the respective pension and relief fund no longer has any actuarial deficiency: And provided further. That if any board of trustees decides to assess and collect any additional amount, any board of trustees decision and any additional amount is not the liability of the State of West Virginia. Member contributions shall be deposited in the pension and relief fund within five days of being collected. In the event that a municipality's building commission has issued pension funding revenue bonds, then the trustee for such bonds shall only be eligible to receive money from the additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax in §33-3-14d of this code if the board of trustees for the policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds for which such bonds have been issued has collected and paid the contributions as herein provided and is meeting minimum standards for actuarial soundness.

(d)(1) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2010, and subject to provisions of §8-22-18b and §33-3-14d of this code and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall receive and retain the moneys allocated to the Municipal Pensions Security Fund until such time as the treasurer of the municipality applies for the allocable portion and certifies in writing to Municipal Pensions Oversight Board that:

(A) The municipality has irrevocably contributed the amount required under this section and §8-22-20 of this code to the pension and relief fund for the required period; and

- (B) The board of trustees of the pension and relief fund has made a report to the governing body of the municipality and to the oversight board on the condition of its fund with respect to the fiscal year.
- (2) When the aforementioned application and certification are made, the allocable portion of moneys from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund shall be paid to the corresponding policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund or, if pension funding revenue bonds have been issued by such municipality's building commission and remain outstanding, to the trustee for such pension funding revenue bonds. Payment to a municipal pension and relief fund or to the trustee for pension funding revenue bonds, as applicable, shall be made by electronic funds transfer.
- (e) The State Auditor and the oversight board have the power, and the duty as each considers necessary, to perform or review audits on the pension and relief funds or to employ an independent consulting actuary or accountant to determine the compliance of the aforementioned certification with the requirements of this section and §8-22-20 of this code. The expense of the audit or determination shall be paid from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund pursuant to provisions of §8-22-18b of this code. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund or to the trustee for pension funding revenue bonds, as applicable, within 18 months, the portion is forfeited by the pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds in accordance with §33-3-14d of this code.

# §8-22-20. Actuary; actuarial valuation report; minimum standards for annual municipality contributions to the fund; definitions; actuarial review and audit.

(a) The West Virginia Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall contract with or employ a
qualified actuary to annually prepare an actuarial valuation report on each pension and relief fund.
The selection of contract vendors to provide actuarial services, including the reviewing actuary as

provided in subsection (c) of this section, shall be by competitive bid process but is specifically exempt from the purchasing provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code. The expense of the actuarial report shall be paid from moneys in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund. Uses of the actuarial valuations from the qualified actuary shall include, but not be limited to, determining a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund's eligibility to receive state money and to provide supplemental benefits.

- (b) The actuarial valuation report provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall consist of, but is not limited to, the following disclosures: (1) The financial objective of the fund and how the objective is to be attained; (2) the progress being made toward realization of the financial objective; (3) recent changes in the nature of the fund, benefits provided or actuarial assumptions or methods; (4) the frequency of actuarial valuation reports and the date of the most recent actuarial valuation report; (5) the method used to value fund assets; (6) the extent to which the qualified actuary relies on the data provided and whether the data was certified by the fund's auditor or examined by the qualified actuary for reasonableness; (7) a description and explanation of the actuarial assumptions and methods; (8) an evaluation of each plan using the alternative funding method, to assess advantages of changing to other funding methods as provided in this article; and (9) any other information required in §8-22-20a of this code or that the qualified actuary feels is necessary or would be useful in fully and fairly disclosing the actuarial condition of the fund.
- (c)(1) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f) of this section, beginning June 30, 1991, and thereafter, the financial objective of each municipality shall not be less than to contribute to the fund annually an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund for municipal pension and relief funds established under §33-3-14d of this code or a municipality's allocation from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code and other income sources as authorized by law will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize

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any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than forty years beginning from July 1, 1991: Provided, That in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1991, the municipality may elect to make its annual contribution to the fund using an alternative contribution in an amount not less than: (i) One hundred seven percent of the amount contributed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1990; or (ii) an amount equal to the average of the contribution payments made in the five highest fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year ending 1984, whichever is greater: *Provided, however,* That contribution payments in subsequent fiscal years under this alternative contribution method may not be less than 107 percent of the amount contributed in the prior fiscal year: Provided further, That in order to avoid penalizing municipalities and to provide flexibility when making contributions, municipalities using the alternative contribution method may exclude a one-time additional contribution made in any one year in excess of the minimum required by this section: And provided further, That the governing body of any municipality may elect to provide an employer continuing contribution of one percent more than the municipality's required minimum under the alternative contribution plan authorized in this subsection: And provided further, That if any municipality decides to contribute an additional one percent, then that municipality may not reduce the additional contribution until the respective pension and relief fund no longer has any actuarial deficiency: And provided further, That any decision and any contribution payment by the municipality is not the liability of the State of West Virginia: And provided further, That if any municipality or any pension fund board of trustees makes a voluntary election and thereafter fails to contribute the voluntarily increase as provided in this section and in §8-22-19(c) of this code, then the board of trustees is not eligible to receive funds allocated under §33-3-14d of this code: And provided further, That prior to using this alternative contribution method the actuary of the fund shall certify in writing that the fund is projected to be solvent under the alternative contribution method for the next consecutive 15-year period. For purposes of determining this minimum financial objective: (i) The value of the fund's assets shall be determined on the basis of any reasonable actuarial method of valuation which takes into account

fair market value; and (ii) all costs, deficiencies, rate of interest and other factors under the fund shall be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which, in aggregate, are reasonable (taking into account the experience of the fund and reasonable expectations) and which, in combination, offer the qualified actuary's best estimate of anticipated experience under the fund: *And provided further*, That any municipality which elected the alternative funding method under this section and which has an unfunded actuarial liability of not more than 25 percent of fund assets, may, beginning September 1, 2003, elect to revert to the standard funding method, which is to contribute to the fund annually an amount which is not less than an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund for municipal pension and relief funds established under §33-3-14d of this code and other income sources as authorized by law, will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than 40 years, beginning from July 1, 1991.

- (2) No municipality may anticipate or use in any manner any state funds accruing to the police or fireman's pension fund to offset the minimum required funding amount for any fiscal year.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or article to the contrary, each municipality shall contribute annually to its policemen's pension and relief fund and its firemen's pension and relief fund an amount which may not be less than the normal cost, as determined by the annual actuarial valuation report required by this section: *Provided*, That in any fiscal year in which the actuarial valuation report determines that a municipality's policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund is funded at 125 percent or higher and the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board's actuary provides an actuarial recommendation that the normal cost does not need to be paid by the employer for that fiscal year, that municipality may elect to make no contribution for that fiscal year. A municipality's election not to contribute the normal cost in any year does not affect the payments required by §8-22-19 of this code by members to a pension

and relief fund and these payments are to continue as required by that section.

(4) The actuarial process, which includes the selection of methods and assumptions, shall be reviewed by the qualified actuary no less than once every five years. Furthermore, the qualified actuary shall provide a report to the oversight board with recommendations on any changes to the actuarial process.

- (5) The oversight board shall hire an independent reviewing actuary to perform an actuarial audit of the work performed by the qualified actuary no less than once every seven years.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "qualified actuary" means only an actuary who is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries. The qualified actuary shall be designated a fiduciary and shall discharge his or her duties with respect to a fund solely in the interest of the members and members' beneficiaries of that fund. In order for the standards of this section to be met, the qualified actuary shall certify that the actuarial valuation report is complete and accurate and that in his or her opinion the technique and assumptions used are reasonable and meet the requirements of this section.
- (e)(1) Beginning January 1, 2010, municipalities may choose the optional method of financing municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds as outlined in this subsection in lieu of the standard or alternative methods as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) For those municipalities choosing the optional method of finance, the minimum standard for annual municipality contributions to each policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund shall be an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and, if no pension funding revenue bonds of a building commission of such municipality are outstanding, the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund or Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code, and other income sources as authorized by law, will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than 40 years beginning January 1, 2010: *Provided*, That those municipalities

using the standard method of financing in 2009 shall continue to amortize their actuarial deficiencies over a period of not more than 40 years beginning July 1, 1991. The required contribution shall be determined each plan year as described above by the actuary retained by the oversight board, based on an actuarial valuation reflecting actual demographic and investment experience and consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice published by the Actuarial Standards Board.

- (3) A municipality choosing the optional method of financing a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund as provided in this subsection shall close the fund to police officers or fire fighters newly hired on or after January 1, 2010, and provide for those employees to be members of the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System as established in §8-22A-1 et seq., of this code.
- (f)(1) Beginning April 1, 2011, any municipality using the alternative method of financing may choose a conservation method of financing its municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds as outlined in this subsection, in lieu of the alternative method as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (c), or the optional method as provided in subsection (e) of this section.
- (2) For those municipalities choosing the conservation method of finance, until a plan is funded at 100 percent a part of each plan member's employee contribution to the fund equal to one and one-half percent of the employee's compensation, shall be deposited into and remain in the trust and accumulate investment return. In addition, until a plan is funded at 100 percent and all pension funding revenue bonds issued by a municipality's building commission are paid in full, an actuarially determined portion of the premium tax allocation to each fund provided in accordance with section fourteen-d, article three, and section seven, article twelve-c of chapter thirty-three of this code shall also be deposited into and remain in the trust and accumulate investment return. This variable percentage of premium tax allocation to be retained in each fund shall be determined annually by the qualified actuary provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to be an amount required, along with other assets of the fund as necessary to reach a

funded level of 100 percent in 35 years from the time of adoption of the conservation financing method. The variable percentage shall be calculated using a prospective four-year rolling average.

- (3) Upon adoption of the conservation method of finance, the municipality shall close its pension and relief funds to new members and shall place police officers and firefighters newly hired after adoption of the conservation method into the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System created in §8-22A-1 *et seq.*, of this code.
- (4) Upon adoption of the conservation method of financing, the minimum standard for annual municipality contributions to each policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund shall be an amount which, together with member contributions and premium tax proceeds not required to be retained in the trust pursuant to this subsection, and other income sources as authorized by law, is sufficient to meet the annual benefit and administrative expense payments from the funds on a pay-as-you-go basis: *Provided*, That at the time the actuarial report required by this section indicates no actuarial deficiency in the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, the minimum annual required contribution of the municipality may not be less than an amount which together with all member contributions and other income authorized by law, is sufficient to pay normal cost.
- (g) Beginning with the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, the existing actuarial deficiency, prior to reflecting any new gains or losses as of July 1, 2020, such as those due to investment experience, differences between actual and expected contributions, demographic experience, and changes to actuarial assumptions, shall continue to be amortized as required by subsections (c) and (e) of this section: *Provided*, That on July 1, 2020, and each successive annual valuation date thereafter, the annual impacts on the funding deficiency due to: (i) New gains or losses on assets and liabilities; and (ii) changes in actuarial assumptions, shall each be amortized over a closed period of 15 years, thereby creating layers of amortization bases rather than amortizing the entire actuarial deficiency over the same single and decreasing period: *Provided*,

however, That impacts on the funding deficiency due to plan changes shall be amortized over closed five year periods. The management of these amortization bases by the actuary should entail the consideration, at least every five years, of whether to implement strategies, such as the synchronization of certain amortization layers, to help avoid volatility to the sum of the amortization payments generally resulting from the expiration of charge and credit layers at different times. The required contribution shall be determined each plan year as described above by the actuary retained by the oversight board, based on an actuarial valuation reflecting actual demographic and investment experience and consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice published by the Actuarial Standards Board.

(h) Notwithstanding the foregoing until any pension funding revenue bonds issued by a municipality's building commission are paid in full, the allocable portion of money from the Municipal Pension Security Fund from the premium tax allocation for such municipality's policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, as applicable, shall be deposited pursuant to §8-22-19(d)(2) with the trustee for the pension funding revenue bonds and shall not be deposited into the applicable policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds of such municipality.

## **CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.**

## ARTICLE 33 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS – BUILDING COMMISSIONS. §8-33-4. Powers.

- 1 Each commission shall have plenary power and authority to:
- 2 (a) Sue and be sued;

- 3 (b) Contract and be contracted with;
- 4 (c) Adopt, use and alter a common seal;
  - (d) Make and adopt all necessary, appropriate and lawful bylaws and rules and regulations pertaining to its affairs;
    - (e) Elect such officers, appoint such committees and agents and employ and fix the

compensation of such employees and contractors as may be necessary for the conduct of the affairs and operations of the commission;

- (f) (1) Acquire, purchase, own and hold any property, real or personal, and (2) acquire, construct, equip, maintain and operate public buildings, structures, projects and appurtenant facilities, of any type or types for which the governmental body or bodies creating such commission are permitted by law to expend public funds (all hereinafter in this article referred to as facilities);
- (g) Apply for, receive and use grants-in-aid, donations and contributions from any source or sources, including, but not limited to, the United States of America, or any department or agency thereof, and accept and use bequests, devises, gifts and donations from any source whatsoever;
  - (h) Sell, encumber or dispose of any property, real or personal;
- (i) Issue negotiable bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness and provide for the rights of the holders thereof, incur any proper indebtedness and issue any obligations and give any security therefor which it may deem necessary or advisable in connection with exercising powers as provided herein;
- (j) Raise funds by the issuance and sale of revenue bonds in the manner provided by the applicable provisions of sections seven, 10, 12 and 16, article 16 of this chapter, without regard to the extent provided in section five of this article, to the limitations specified in said section 12, article 16, it being hereby expressly provided that for the purpose of the issuance and sale of revenue bonds, each commission is a "governing body" as that term is used in said article 16 only;
- (k) Subject to such reasonable limitations and conditions as the governmental body or all of the governmental bodies creating and establishing such building commission may prescribe by ordinance or by order, exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided in chapter 54 of this code for business corporations, for the purposes set forth in subdivision (f) of this

section, which purposes are hereby declared public purposes for which private property may be taken or damaged;

(I) Lease its property or any part thereof, for public purposes, to such persons and upon such terms as the commission deems proper, but when any municipality or county commission is a lessee under any such lease, such lease must contain a provision granting to such municipality or county commission the option to terminate such lease during any fiscal year covered thereby;

(m) Use the proceeds from the sale of pension funding revenue bonds issued pursuant to section 4a of this article to pay the costs of a pension funding program as described in section 4a(c) of this article;

(n) Use the proceeds of rentals for the use of real property owned or leased by the commission and any amounts received pursuant to §8-22-19(d)(2) by the trustee for outstanding pension funding revenue bonds to, among other things, pay the principal, interest, any reserve requirement obligations and administrative expenses of any pension funding revenue bonds issued in connection with any lease by the commission to the municipality which created the commission; and

(o) Do all things reasonable and necessary to carry out the foregoing powers.

#### §8-33-4a. Issuance of pension funding revenue bonds to fund a pension funding program.

- (a) In addition to the powers set forth in section four of this article and subject to the requirements set forth in this section and in §8-33-4b of this code, a commission formed by a Class I, Class II or Class III city may issue pension funding revenue bonds to raise funds for the funding of a pension funding program in the manner provided by this section. A "pension funding program" means a program established by a municipality for reducing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds of the municipality with the proceeds of pension funding revenue bonds issued pursuant to this section.
- (b) Before any commission shall fund any pension funding program through the issuance of pension funding revenue bonds, the commission shall enact an ordinance or ordinances, which

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shall (1) set forth a brief and general description of the pension funding program; (2) set forth the estimated cost thereof; (3) order the funding of the pension funding program; (4) direct that pension funding revenue bonds be issued pursuant to this section, in such amount as may be found necessary to pay the cost of the pension funding program; (5) contain such provisions as the commission determines are necessary or desirable with regard to the establishment and setting aside of a debt service reserve fund if deemed beneficial to the commission and for the administration and disposition thereof, (6) contain provisions establishing and setting aside a debt service contingency reserve fund with the municipality in an amount at least equal to 10 percent of the original principal amount of such pension funding revenue bonds from cash contributed by the municipality or from the proceeds of such pension funding revenue bonds and for the administration and disposition thereof; and (7) contain such other provisions as may be necessary or proper in the premises. Before any such ordinance shall become effective, an abstract of the ordinance, determined by the commission to contain sufficient information as to give notice of the contents of such ordinance, together with the following described notice, shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 59 of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the municipality which formed the commission. The notice to be published with said abstract of the ordinance shall specify a date, time and place for a public hearing, the date being not less than 10 days after the first publication of said abstract and notice and not prior to the last publication of said abstract and notice, at which time and place all parties and interests may appear before the commission and may be heard as to whether or not said ordinance shall be put into effect, and said notice shall also identify the office in which a certified copy of such ordinance shall be on file for review by interested persons during the office hours of such office. At such hearing all objections and suggestions shall be heard and the commission shall take such action as it or they shall deem proper in the premises. (c) The cost of a pension funding program shall include the cost of providing funding of all of the unfunded liability of a policemen's or firemen's pension plan; the costs of issuance of

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pension funding revenue bonds issued to fund a pension funding program, the amount of any debt service reserve and contingency reserve funds funded from the proceeds of pension funding revenue bonds; actuarial, financial advisory and legal expenses associated with the pension funding program and the issuance of the pension funding revenue bonds; expenses for estimates of cost and of revenues; expenses for actuarial studies; and such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing herein authorized, the pension funding program and the performance of the things herein required or permitted in connection with any thereof.

(d) Such pension funding revenue bonds shall be in an amount at least equal to the applicable policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds then unfunded liability based upon the most recent actuarial valuation reports for the applicable funds with appropriate adjustments for timing, experience and other factors. Such pension funding revenue bonds shall bear interest at not more than 12 percent per annum, payable semiannually, or at shorter intervals, and the bonds allocable to a specific policemen's or firemen's relief fund shall mature over a period of time not exceeding the then estimated amortization period for the municipality's unfunded actuarial accrued liability as set forth in the municipality's most recent actuarial valuation reports relating to the applicable funds with appropriate adjustments for timing, experience and other factors, as may be determined by the ordinance or ordinances authorizing the issuance of such bonds. The annual principal and interest payments on pension funding revenue bonds shall, to the extent possible, provide for level debt service and be proportionate to the funding requirements for the applicable policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds as shown on the municipality's most recent actuarial valuation report for such policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds with appropriate adjustments for timing, experience and other factors, as applicable. Such bonds may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the commission issuing the same, to be exercised by said commission, at not more than the par value thereof, and at a premium of not more than five percent, under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the ordinance or ordinances authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The principal and

interest of the bonds may be made payable in any lawful medium. Such ordinance or ordinances shall determine the form of the bonds, shall set forth any registration or conversion privileges, and shall fix the denomination or denominations of such bonds, and the place or places of the payment of the principal and interest thereof, which may be at any banking institution or trust company within or without the state. All such bonds shall be, shall have and are hereby declared to have all the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments, under the Uniform Commercial Code of this state. The bonds shall be executed in such manner as the commission may direct. The bonds shall be sold by the commission in such manner as may be determined to be for the best interest of the municipality which created such commission. Any surplus of the bond proceeds over and above the cost of the pension funding program shall be paid into the sinking fund established for the payment of such bonds.

(e) Such bonds shall be secured by a trust indenture by and between such commission and a corporate trustee, which may be a trust company or banking institution having powers of a trust company within or without the state. The ordinance or ordinances authorizing the issuance of the pension funding revenue bonds, and fixing the details thereof, may provide that such trust indenture may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of bondholders as may be reasonable and proper, not in violation of law. Such indenture may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders or such trustee, or both. The commission may provide by ordinance or ordinances or in such trust indenture for the payment of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds and the revenues received by the commission with respect to the pension funding program to such depository, as such commission may determine for the custody thereof, and for the method of distribution thereof, with such safeguards and restrictions as such commission may determine.

(f) Upon the payment in full of an issue of pension funding revenue bonds (other than with the proceeds of refunding bonds) and any final costs related thereto, any amounts remaining in any debt service reserve or contingency reserve funds shall be paid by the trustee of such bonds

to the municipality which formed the commission. Any other excess moneys held by the trustee at that time shall either be paid to the municipality when such excess is attributable to contributions made by the municipality or to the Municipal Pension Oversight Board when such excess is attributable to amounts received by the trustee from allocations of the additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax as provided in §33-3-14d of this code.

# §8-33-4b. Approval of municipal pension oversight board of certain pension funding revenue bonds.

- (a) In addition to the requirements otherwise provided in this article, any issuance of pension funding revenue bonds by a building commission (1) for a Class III city or (2) for a Class I or Class II city whose policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds are not both funded at a funding ratio of 40 percent or greater based on the most recent actuarial valuation reports for such funds, with appropriate adjustments for timing, experience and other factors, as applicable, shall, prior to such issuance, be approved by the Municipal Pension Oversight Board and provided to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance for prior review.
- (b) The applicable building commission shall, at least 60 days prior to the proposed issuance date of the pension funding revenue bonds, provide the following to the Municipal Pension Oversight Board:
- (1) A report setting forth a detailed summary of the then projected terms of the proposed bond issuance and projected impact on the unfunded pension liability of the applicable fund or funds; and
- (2) A copy of the municipality's most recent actuarial valuation reports relating to its policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds.
- (c) The Municipal Pension Oversight Board shall meet, review the information provided pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and provide its approval or rejection of the proposed issuance of pension funding revenue bonds within 30 days of receipt.
  - (d) Should the Municipal Pension Oversight Board approve the issuance of pension

funding revenue bonds by a building commission, then it shall promptly provide a copy of its decision and the supporting documents, including a copy of the municipality's most recent actuarial valuation reports relating to its policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, provided to it by such building commission to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance which may meet and review such information within 30 days of receipt.

### **CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.**

### ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

# §33-3-14d. Additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax; allocation of proceeds; effective date.

- (a)(1) For the purpose of providing additional revenue for municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds and the Teachers Retirement System Reserve Fund and for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments, there is hereby levied and imposed an additional premium tax equal to one percent of taxable premiums for fire insurance and casualty insurance policies. For purposes of this section, casualty insurance does not include insurance on the life of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit transaction or insurance on a debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while the debtor is disabled as defined in the policy.
- (2) All moneys collected from this additional tax shall be received by the commissioner and paid by him or her into a special account in the State Treasury, designated the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund: *Provided,* That on or after January 1, 2010, the commissioner shall pay 10 percent of the amount collected to the Teachers Retirement System Reserve Fund created in §18-7A-18 of this code, 25 percent of the amount collected to the Fire Protection Fund created in section 33 of this article for allocation by the Treasurer to volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments and 65 percent of the amount collected to the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund: *Provided, however,* That upon notification by the Municipal

Pensions Oversight Board pursuant to the provisions of §8-22-18b this code, on or after January 1, 2010, or as soon thereafter as the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board is prepared to receive the funds, 65 percent of the amount collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b of this code. The net proceeds of this tax after appropriation thereof by the Legislature is distributed in accordance with the provisions of this section, except for distribution from proceeds pursuant to §8-22-18a(d) of this code.

(b)(1) Before August 1 of each year, the treasurer of each municipality in which a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund is established shall report to the State Treasurer the average monthly number of members who worked at least one hundred hours per month and the average monthly number of retired members of municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System during the preceding fiscal year: *Provided*, That beginning in the year 2010 and continuing thereafter, the report shall be made to the oversight board created in §8-22-18a of this code. These reports received by the oversight board shall be provided annually to the State Treasurer by September 1.

(2) Before September 1 of each calendar year, the State Treasurer, or the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board, once in operation, shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund which were collected during the preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. Before September 1 of each calendar year and after the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board has notified the Treasurer and commissioner pursuant to §8-22-18b of this code, the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the Municipal Pensions Security Fund which were collected during the preceding calendar year for the purposes set forth in this section. In any year the actuarial report required by §8-22-20 of this code indicates that no actuarial deficiency exists in the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund and that no pension funding revenue bonds of the building commission of such municipality remain outstanding, no

revenues may be allocated from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund or the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to that fund. The revenues from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund shall then be allocated to all other pension and relief funds which have an actuarial deficiency. Pension funding revenue bonds include bonds of a municipality's building commission the net proceeds of which were contributed used to either or both of a municipality's policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund or bonds issued to refinance such bonds.

- (3) The Municipal Pensions Oversight Board shall annually review the investment performance of each municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund. If the municipal pension and relief fund's board fails for three consecutive years to comply with the investment provisions established by section twenty-two-a, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code, the oversight board may require the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund to invest with the Investment Management Board to continue to receive its allocation of funds from the premium tax. If the municipal pension and relief fund fails to move its investments to the Investment Management Fund within the 18-month drawdown period, provided in §8-22-19(e) of this code, the revenues shall be reallocated to all other municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief funds that have drawn down one hundred percent of their allocations.
- (4) The moneys, and the interest earned thereon, in the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund allocated to volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall be allocated and distributed quarterly to the volunteer fire companies and departments. Before each distribution date, the State Fire Marshal shall report to the State Treasurer the names and addresses of all volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments within the state which meet the eligibility requirements established in §8-15-8A of this code.
- (c)(1) Each municipal pension and relief fund shall have allocated and authorized for distribution a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds based on the corresponding municipality's average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least one hundred hours per month during the

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preceding fiscal year. On and after July 1, 1997, from the growth in any moneys collected pursuant to the tax imposed by this section and interest thereon there shall be allocated and authorized for distribution to each municipal pension and relief fund, a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds based on the corresponding municipality's average number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters. For the purposes of this subsection, the growth in moneys collected from the tax collected pursuant to this section is determined by subtracting the amount of the tax collected during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1996, from the tax collected during the fiscal year for which the allocation is being made and interest thereon. All moneys received by municipal pension and relief funds under this section may be expended only for those purposes described in sections 16 through 28, inclusive, article 22, chapter eight of this code. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subdivision (1), if a municipality has outstanding pension funding revenue bonds and continues to pay the normal cost of its policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, then the allocable share of revenues to be allocated which would otherwise have been allocated to a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund shall instead be allocated to the trustee of any outstanding pension funding revenue bonds.

- (2) Each volunteer fire company or department shall receive an equal share of the revenues allocated for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and departments.
- (3) In addition to the share allocated and distributed in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection, each municipal fire department composed of full-time paid members and volunteers and part-volunteer fire companies and departments shall receive a share equal to the share distributed to volunteer fire companies under subdivision (2) of this subsection reduced by an amount equal to the share multiplied by the ratio of the number of full-time paid fire department members who are also members of a municipal firemen's pension and relief fund or the Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System to the total number of members of the fire

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department. If a municipality has outstanding pension funding revenue bonds and continues to pay the normal cost of its policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds, then the share that would otherwise be payable to the municipality's firemen's pension and relief fund pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the trustee of such outstanding pension funding revenue bonds.

- (d) The allocation and distribution of revenues provided in this section are subject to the provisions of §8-22-20 of this code and sections eight-a and eight-b, article 15 of said chapter.
- (e) Based upon the findings of an audit by the Treasurer, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that during the period of 1982 through April 27, 2012, allocations from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund were miscalculated and errors were made in amounts transferred, resulting in overpayments and underpayments to the relief and pension funds and to the Teachers Retirement System, and that the relief and pension funds and the Teachers Retirement System were not at fault for any of the overpayments and underpayments. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that any attempt by the Municipal Pension Oversight Board or other entity to recover any of the overpayments would be unjust and create economic hardship for the entities that received overpayments. No entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal Pension Oversight Board, may seek to recover from a relief or pension fund, the Teachers Retirement System or the state any overpayments received from the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund and the overpayments are not subject to recovery, offset or litigation. Pursuant to the audit by the Treasurer, the amount of \$3,631,846.55 is determined owed to specific relief and pension funds through the period of April 27, 2012. The Treasurer is hereby authorized to transfer the amount of \$3,631,846.55 from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund to the Municipal Pensions and Protection Fund, which is hereby reopened for the sole purpose of the transfer and remittances pursuant to this subsection, and to use the amount transferred to remit the amounts due to the pension and relief funds. The payment of \$3,631,846.55 to the pension and relief funds is complete satisfaction of any amounts due and no entity, including, without limitation, the Municipal Pension Oversight Board and any pension or relief fund, may seek to recover any further amounts.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize Class I, Class II and Class III municipalities to create pension funding programs to reduce the unfunded liability of a municipality's policemen's pension and relief funds and firemen's pension and relief funds which include the issuance of pension funding revenue bonds by building commissions established by such municipalities the proceeds of which are to be used to satisfy the then unfunded actuarial liability of such pension funds. An issuance of pension funding revenue bonds shall include the setting aside of funds equal to at least 10 percent of the original principal amount of such bonds in a contingency reserve fund. During the time period that pension funding revenue bonds are outstanding the applicable municipality's share of funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund created in §8-22-18b shall be paid to the trustee of the pension funding revenue bonds and used to pay debt service on such bonds.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.